

Figure 1 is a diagram illustrating the distribution of 48 numbers (1 to 48) across four series (0系, 1系, 2系, 3系, 4系) and their corresponding positions on a grid. The grid has 48 columns and 10 rows. The numbers are distributed as follows:

- 0系 (Series 0):** Contains numbers 1-10. Positions: (1,1), (2,1), (3,1), (4,1), (5,1), (6,1), (7,1), (8,1), (9,1), (10,1).
- 1系 (Series 1):** Contains numbers 11-20. Positions: (11,1), (12,1), (13,1), (14,1), (15,1), (16,1), (17,1), (18,1), (19,1), (20,1).
- 2系 (Series 2):** Contains numbers 21-30. Positions: (21,1), (22,1), (23,1), (24,1), (25,1), (26,1), (27,1), (28,1), (29,1), (30,1).
- 3系 (Series 3):** Contains numbers 31-40. Positions: (31,1), (32,1), (33,1), (34,1), (35,1), (36,1), (37,1), (38,1), (39,1), (40,1).
- 4系 (Series 4):** Contains numbers 41-48. Positions: (41,1), (42,1), (43,1), (44,1), (45,1), (46,1), (47,1), (48,1).

The diagram shows the distribution of these numbers across the grid, with some numbers appearing in multiple positions. The numbers are arranged in a specific pattern across the grid, with some numbers appearing in multiple positions. The diagram is labeled "図1" and "図1の48個の数字の分布".